



# **Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS)**

**Company: Shanwei BYD Auto Co., Ltd.**

**Address: Xinhe Industrial Park, Luhe, Shanwei,  
China**

**Creation Date: 2024/12/06**





# 1 Identification of the chemical and supplier

## Product identifier

Product Name	Battery-Box HVB Module
Battery Type	HVB-Module
Battery Capacity	58Ah
Nominal energy	2969.6Wh



## Details of the supplier of the MSDS


Manufacturer	Shanwei BYD Auto Co., Ltd.
Address	Xinhe Industrial Park, Luhe, Shanwei
Post Code	516700
TEL	0755-89888888
Emergency phone number	/

# 2 Hazards identification

## NFPA label for hazard identification

Hazard identification graphics	Hazard	Value
	◆ Health	0
	◆ Flammability	1
	◆ Instability	0
	◇ Special	-

## CN label for hazard identification

Hazard pictograms	
Description	GB6944 9th Goods

## Hazard statements

Description	Not classified as dangerous or hazardous with normal use. Risk of exposure occurs only if the cell is mechanically, thermally or electrically abused. If this occurs, it may cause electrolyte leakage. Electrolyte is flammable, in case of electrolyte leakage, move the battery from fire immediately.
Hazard	It may cause electrolyte leakage and vapour generated from burning batteries, may make eyes, skin and throat irritate.
Inhalation	Not classified as dangerous or hazardous with normal use. Vapors or mists from a ruptured cell may cause respiratory irritation.
Ingestion	Not classified as dangerous or hazardous with normal use. Swallowing the contents of an open cell can cause serious chemical burns of mouth and esophagus.
Skin contact	Not classified as dangerous or hazardous with normal use. Skin contact with contents of an open cell can cause severe irritation or burns to the skin.
Eye contact	Not classified as dangerous or hazardous with normal use. Eye contact with contents of an open cell can cause severe irritation or burns to the eye.

## Response

Inhalation	Remove to fresh air immediately. Take a medical treatment.
Ingestion	Take a medical treatment. Induce vomiting unless patient is Unconscious.
Skin contact	Wash the contact areas off immediately with plenty of water and soap. Take a medical treatment.
Eye contact	Flush the eyes with plenty of clean water for at least 15 minutes immediately, without rubbing. Take a medical treatment.



### 3 Composition/information on ingredients

Components		CAS#	% (by weight)
LiFePO <sub>4</sub>		15365-14-7	33-43
Carbon		7440-44-0	13-23
Electrolyte	LiPF <sub>6</sub>	21324-40-3	15-23
	Solvent	/	
Copper		7440-50-8	5-15
Aluminum		7429-90-5	7-16

### 4 First aid measures

#### | Description of first aid measure

Skin contact	Remove contaminated clothes and rinse skin with plenty of water or shower for at least 15 minutes. Take a medical treatment immediately.
Eye contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water continuously for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Take a medical treatment immediately.
Inhalation	Cover the victim in a blanket, move to the place of fresh air and keep quiet. Take a medical treatment immediately. When dyspnea (breathing difficulty) or asphyxia (breath-hold), give artificial respiration immediately
Ingestion	Give at least 2 glasses of milk or water. Induce vomiting unless patient is unconscious. Take a medical treatment immediately.

#### | Advice for protecting the rescuer

1	Move away from the fire and heat.
2	Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
3	Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist.
4	Use personal protective Equipment.



## 5 Firefighting measures

### | Extinguishing media

Small fire	Dry powder, sand, carbon dioxide (CO <sub>2</sub> ), water spray
Large fire	Water spray

### | Fire precautions and protective measures

1	Flammable properties	Lithium ion batteries contain flammable liquid electrolyte that may vent,ignite and produce sparks when subjected to high temperature (> 150 °C),when damaged or abused (e.g.,mechanical damage or electrical overcharge). Burning cells can ignite other batteries in close proximity.
2	Explosion data	Extreme mechanical abuse will result in rupture of the batteries. Throw into the fire will result in burning.
3	Special protective equipment for firefighters	In the event of a fire, wear full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus with full face piece operated in the pressure demand or other positive pressure mode.
4	NFPA	Health:0 Flammability:1 Instability:0

## 6 Accidental release measures

### | Personal precautions

1	Remove personnel from area until dissipate.
2	Use personal protective equipment. Avoid contact with skin and Eyes.



## Environmental precautions

1	Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so
2	Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system.
3	Do not throw out into the environment.

## Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

1	Absorb spilled material with an inert absorbent (dry sand or earth) .
2	The leaked solid is moved to a container. The leaked place is fully flushed with water.
3	Collect all contaminated wash water and absorbent for proper disposal.

# 7 Handling and storage

## Precautions for handling

1	Technical measures: Prevention of user exposure; not necessary under normal use.
2	Prevention of fire and explosion: Not necessary under normal use.
3	Precaution for safe handling: Do not damage or remove the external shell.
4	Never throw out battery in a fire or expose to high temperatures(above 65 °C).
5	Do not soak battery in water and seawater.
6	Do not expose to strong oxidizers.
7	Do not give a strong mechanical shock or throw down. Never disassemble, modify or deform.
8	Do not connect the positive terminal to the negative terminal with electrically conductive material. In the case of charging, use only dedicated charge or charge according to the conditions specified by the supplier.



## | Precautions for storage

1	Avoid direct sunlight, high temperature, and high humidity.
2	Store in cool place(temperature:-20~30℃ ,humidity: 45~85%).
3	Incompatible products: Conductive materials, water, seawater, strong oxidizers and strong acids.
4	Insulated packing material and tear-proof, waterproof materials are recommended.

## 8 Exposure controls/personal protection

### | Engineering controls

1	Use local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to control sources of dust, mist, fume and vapour.
2	Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
3	Airborne exposures to hazardous substances are not expected when product is used for its intended purpose.

### | Personal protection

Respiratory protection	Not necessary under normal conditions. Wear safety respirator if handling an open or leaking cell.
Eye protection	Not necessary under normal conditions. Wear safety glasses if handling an open or leaking cell.
Skin and body protection	Not necessary under normal conditions. Wear neoprene or nature rubber gloves if handling an open or leaking cell.
Hygiene Measures	Do not eat, drink or smoke in work areas.



## 9 Physical and chemical properties

Appearance and odor	N/A
PH	N/A
Flash point (°C)	N/A
Melting point (°C)	N/A
Boiling point (°C)	N/A
Density (water=1)	N/A
Relative Vapour density (air=1)	N/A
Vapour pressure (KPa)	N/A
Heat of combustion (KJ/mol)	N/A
Auto-ignition temperature (°C)	N/A
Solubility	Insoluble in water
Lower explosive limits % (V/V)	N/A
Upper explosive limits % (V/V)	N/A

## 10 Stability and reactivity

Stability	Stable under proper operation and storage conditions.
Conditions to avoid	Avoid exposing the cell to fire or high temperatures environment. Do not disassemble, crush, short or install with incorrect polarity. Avoid mechanical or electrical abuse.
Incompatible materials	Do not immerse in seawater or other high conductivity liquids.
Hazardous decomposition products	When a battery is heated strongly by the surrounding fire, acrid or harmful fume may be emitted.



## 11 Toxicological information

1	None unless internal materials are exposed.
2	Toxic information is available on the ingredients noted in section 3, but generally not available to intact batteries as used by customers.
3	In case of internal gas released or electrolyte spilled, electrolyte and organic solvents has small toxicity and may cause irritation of skin or eyes. Released gas may also cause irritation of skin of eyes.

## 12 Ecological information

Ecological toxicity	No data available.
Environmental	Solid cells released into the natural environment will slowly degrade and may release harmful or toxic substances. Cell are not intended to be released into water or on land but should be disposed or recycled according to local regulations.
Bioaccumulation	No information.

## 13 Disposal considerations

Disposal measures	Dispose of in accordance with local, state and federal laws and regulations.
Disposal recommendations	Dispose of in accordance with local, state and federal laws and regulations.

## 14 Transport information

UN number	UN3480
UN shipping name	Lithium Ion Battery
Packing group	II
Marine pollutant	No
Land transport (ADR/RID)	Class 9



Sea transport (IMDG)	Class 9
Air transport (ICAO-TI/IATA DGR)	Class 9
National regulations	This battery type is classified as dangerous goods for transport, because the watt-hour rating of the battery exceeds 100 Wh. We also declare that this battery type meets the requirements of each applicable test in the UN Manual of Tests and Criteria, Part III, sub-section 38.3.

## 15 Regulatory information

### | Major applicable regulations for the transportation of lithium-ion cells and batteries

1	Recommendations on The Transport of Dangerous Goods (TDG)
2	International Maritime Organization (IMO) International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
3	The International Civil Aviation Organization Technical Instructions on the Safe Transport of Dangerous Goods by Air (ICAO-TI)
4	International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulations (IATA-DGR)
5	Provision of the Civil Aviation Administration of China on the Administration of Transport of Dangerous Goods by Air
6	Recommendations on The Transport of Dangerous Goods, the UN Manual of Tests and Criteria, Part III, sub-section 38.3
7	Safety Code for Inspection of Packaging of Dangerous Goods Transported by Air (GB19433-2009)
8	Standard for Transport of Lithium Batteries by Air (MH/T 1020-2013)

## 16 Other information

### | Reference

【1】 The International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO), website: <http://www.icao.int>



【2】 The International Air Transport Association ( IATA ), website: [www.iata.org](http://www.iata.org)

【3】 International Maritime Organization ( IMO ), website: <http://www.imo.org>

## **| Disclaimer**

The material safety data sheet is furnished to every manufacturer as a reference to secure the safe handling of chemical. We try to ensure the correctness of all information. However, due to the diversity of information sources and the limitations of our knowledge, this document is only for user 's reference. Users should make their independent judgment of suitability of this information for their particular purposes. We do not assume responsibility for loss, damage or expense arising out of or in any way connected with the handling, storage, use or Disposal of the product.